

# **TYES**

## **2019**

**YES-230619-2021**



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# **Test of Youth Exchange Scholarship**



***Read the directions on the back cover before opening  
the test book.***

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## PART 1 Conversation

Time – approximately 30 minutes (Questions 1-50)

**Directions: Questions 1 – 30:** Short conversations between two people. After each conversation, you will see a question about the conversation, read the four possible answers and choose the best answer.

Woman: "I would rather watch movies on Netflix than in cinema."

Man: "Netflix is good, but you should not rule out the cinema completely."

1. What does the man mean?

- (1) He likes Netflix.
- (2) He still likes Cinema
- (3) He wants to watch Netflix.
- (4) He will go to cinema with her.

Woman: "I have never been to Disney World; shall we keep it on the list?"

Man: "Our itinerary is already filled up with other places."

2. What will the woman probably do?

- (1) Go to Disney
- (2) Make a list.
- (3) Change plans.
- (4) Stick with original plan.

Woman: "There are numerous streaming services for online content."

Man: "Yes, it's great, but you must subscribe to each service to keep up with all shows, It's least liked among consumers."

3. What does the man mean?

- (1) He is happy about content available.
- (2) He is subscribing to streaming service.
- (3) He wants the content to be available on one service.
- (4) He cannot watch all shows.

Son: "I am thinking of going Bungee Jumping."

Mother: "It might be a great adventurous thing, but for now you are too young for that."

4. What does the mother mean?

- (1) She will not allow him.
- (2) She is excited about him going.
- (3) She will join him for this adventure.
- (4) She means, it's the right time for him to try this.

Woman: "Out of desperation, I might rob the bank. I need money to pay the loan."

Man: "Just hang in there. You should refrain from using such means to solve your problem."

5. What does the man imply?

- (1) He supports her idea.
- (2) He will give her money.
- (3) He is asking her to be patient.
- (4) He is not helping her.

Woman: "Raise above your feelings and be more rational. "

Man: "I like what you said."

6. What does the woman imply?

- (1) Respect your feelings.
- (2) Be more coherent.
- (3) Be strong.
- (4) Be more aggressive.

Jury: "Your honor! We have reached a conclusion. "

Judge: "Great job! I hope, the conjectures were shrugged off during the process."

7. What does the Judge mean?

- (1) Conclusion was strong.
- (2) The process was long.
- (3) Jury was honest.
- (4) Had no guesswork.

Woman: "We are at the maze park to play this exciting game."

Man: "Those who play with acuity may take home a million dollars."

8. What does the man mean?

- (1) Be sharp.                      (2) Be fast.
- (3) Be smart.                    (4) Be patient.

Man: "Do you think you can score 100% in this exam?"

Woman: "I am going to go with my gut, so let's see what happens."

9. What does the woman mean?

- (1) I will go with my experience.
- (2) I will go with my instinct.
- (3) I will use my knowledge.
- (4) I will use my teacher's help.

Woman: "Hit band of 90's Backstreet boys are on hiatus."

Man: "Yes, there music was great."

10. What does the woman mean?

- (1) Band has broken up.
- (2) Band is on tour.
- (3) Band is on a break.
- (4) Band is still a hit band.

Woman: "I am more inclining towards the policies of the current government."

Man: "I think media is biased in portraying the government."

11. What does the man mean?

- (1) Media does not report accurately.
- (2) Media is supporting the government.
- (3) He does not agree with woman.
- (4) He agrees with the media.

Woman: "The police have caught the gang members."

Man: "And we all are being summoned by the judge."

12. What is he telling?

- (1) Judge has charged them.
- (2) They have been given bail.
- (3) They must go to court.
- (4) They are free from all charges.

Woman: "Lots of people are taking the ancestry test."

Man: "I think we should take this test."

13. What does the man mean?

- (1) They want to know their descent.
- (2) They want to take this exam.
- (3) They want to study ancestry.
- (4) He disagrees with the woman.

Woman: "His speech was very moving right?"

Man: "Well, I saw it coming, he is a sentimental person."

14. What does the man imply?

- (1) He loved the speech.
- (2) He cried during the speech.
- (3) He saw the speech.
- (4) He did not feel anything.

Woman: "I am astonished by our football team loss."

Man: "I feel happy, they played well."

15. What does the woman mean?

- (1) She is happy.
- (2) She is sad.
- (3) She is surprised.
- (4) She is celebrating.

Mr. John: "Good morning teacher, you called us?"

Teacher: "Yes, Mr. John, your son is deliberately disturbing the classroom."

16. What does the teacher imply?

- (1) John's son is a problem.
- (2) John's son is knowingly breaking the rules.
- (3) John's son is bad student.
- (4) John's son is in classroom.

Man: "There is a sale at the department store on Gucci Products."

Woman: "I think the products are counterfeited."

17. What does the woman mean?

- (1) Products are not original.
- (2) Gucci has new collection.
- (3) Gucci Products are cheap.
- (4) Gucci Products are on sale.

Woman: "I have found a beautiful stone while we were in cave."

Man: "Yes, this precious jewel, it has a distinct shape."

Judge to Witness: "Your statement was not impotent, and jury will take it into consideration."

18. What does the judge mean?

- (1) Statement was fake.
- (2) Statement was not important.
- (3) Statement was normal.
- (4) Statement was strong.

Women: "I am nervous about the speech tomorrow."

Man: "You should focus on cohesion among the workers."

19. What does the man mean?

- (1) She should talk about competition.
- (2) She should talk about hard work.
- (3) She should talk about unity.
- (4) She should talk about performance of workers.

Woman: "I have been kind to you, despite of your resentment towards everyone."

Man: "I do not think so! I have been mistreated."

20. What does the woman mean?

- (1) She does not like his jealousy.
- (2) She is happy for him.
- (3) She is proud of him.
- (4) She is angry at him.

Woman: "I have interviewed all the survivors of the assault."

Man: "We would like to request to you to withhold their identities."

21. What does the man mean?

- (1) He wants her to help them.
- (2) He wants to know the survivors.
- (3) Their names should be not be revealed.
- (4) He is thankful for the help.

22. What does the man mean?

- (1) He is excited.
- (2) He feels it's unique.
- (3) He likes the jewel.
- (4) He knows the worth of it.

Speaker: "I am bringing reforms in the house to improve the system."

Senator: "These reforms are not enough for working families."

23. What does the speaker imply?

- (1) Speaker is bringing new machines for families.
- (2) Speaker is using laws for families.
- (3) Speaker does not agree with senator.
- (4) Speaker is amending the old laws for good.

Mother: "Were you the one causing trouble in the classroom? Don't hide behind the bush."

Son: "I was not the troublemaker."

24. What does the mother mean?

- (1) She is asking him to not to avoid her.
- (2) She is asking him to not to hide behind the trees.
- (3) She is asking him, why did he cause the trouble?
- (4) She is asking him to go away.

Child: "I know aliens are coming."

Mother: "Son, this is delusional."

25. What does the mother mean?

- (1) Aliens are coming.
- (2) Aliens are far from real.
- (3) Aliens are real.
- (4) She agrees with her son.

Officer to detainees: "You all are being repatriated."

26. What does the officer mean?

- (1) They are being hanged.
- (2) They are being killed.
- (3) They are being sentenced.
- (4) They are being sent back.

Woman: "You will be indicted tomorrow. How are you feeling?"

Man: "I deserve it."

27. What does the woman mean?

- (1) He will play the game.
- (2) He will be charged.
- (3) He will get promotion.
- (4) None of the options available.

Boss to staff: "Due to automation, your skills are redundant."

28. What does the boss mean?

- (1) He is letting them go.
- (2) He is praising their skills.
- (3) He is feeling great about staffs.
- (4) He is introducing new technology.

Woman: "Under current circumstances, I believe we should cancel all the deals with your company."

Man: "You are being partisan."

29. What does the man mean?

- (1) He means woman is being crazy.
- (2) He means woman is not thinking about others.
- (3) He means woman is smart.
- (4) He means woman is helping the company.

Reporter: "Mr. President, how do you think your policies are helping the country?"

Mr. President: "I think our policies have helped us to bring monumental changes."

30. What does the president mean?

- (1) He means they have made some improvement.
- (2) He means they have changed some things.
- (3) He means they have made huge progress.
- (4) He means they are making changes.

**Directions: Questions 31 – 36:** In this section you will read a conversation. You will need to take some notes to successfully answer all the questions

A video blogger is giving a speech on Ted's stage.

"Hi, I am Ian John. Since 2010, I have been to few continents of the world. During my travels, I have had the opportunity to come across people of many color, culture and backgrounds. One thing that kept on coming no matter where I went was Love. Yes, no matter what language we speak or what kind of food we eat or where we live, we as human are together with compassion in our hearts. I really enjoyed meeting indigenous people, who were living in the mountains and were self-reliant and content with whatever they had. They have been preserving their surroundings to keep the essence and have not allowed new ways of life to overtake their beautiful paradise. These five continents were filled with nature and beauty of mankind. I hope we can preserve our civilization for the future generations to come. Let's make world a better place."

31. According to the paragraph, where did Ian John travelled to?

- (1) Asia.
- (2) Africa.
- (3) Australia.
- (4) None of the options available.

32. What is the one thing that we as humans share?

- (1) Self - reliance
- (2) Empathy
- (3) Travel
- (4) Food

33. The people in the mountains were \_\_\_\_\_

- (1) Happy?
- (2) Hardworking.
- (3) Fulfilled.
- (4) Nice

34. What was special about the mountainous region?

- (1) It was huge.
- (2) It was conserved.
- (3) It was green.
- (4) It had many trees.

35. What is the central idea of the talk?

- (1) Travel more.
- (2) Live in mountain.
- (3) kindness.
- (4) Protect Life

36. How many continents he had been to?

- (1) Many
- (2) Seven
- (3) Five.
- (4) None of the options available.



**Directions: Questions 37 – 42:** In this section you will read a lecture of a Science Professor.

**Directions: Questions 43 – 46:** in this section you will read a conversation among students in class.

Good morning Class! Today, we will be talking about a very interesting topic. You guessed it right "AI" or you may call it Artificial intelligence. Engineers of Silicon Valley are working hard day and night to connect the human brain with AI. The main goal of the investors is to achieve maximum functionality of AI before 2030. AI will have enormous influence in various fields. From your house to work and from work to your bed, you will be surrounded by AI gadgetry. With all the great things that AI is bringing, many experts are having concerns about the job loss and deduction in workforce because of automation. AI is an unstoppable revolution which has its pros and cons, nevertheless, we should be looking forward to it.

**Teacher:** "Are we generous as people?"

**John:** "I think we are not. We only care of ourselves and do not think about others. But at the same time everyone has their own needs so its hard to care for more people."

**Jane:** "I think we are generous. Look at organizations, who help people on the street with the daily food, and clothes. They are also building shelters for them."

**Natt:** "I think we should keep \$5, every week from our pocket money and give away our clothes that we don't use anymore."

**Teacher:** "Thank you for your great ideas. So, we all agree that there is a lot that can be done."

37. Influence of AI can be stopped.

- (1) False.                      (2) True
- (3) Maybe.                    (4) None of the options available.

38. What is Silicon Valley?

- (1) A TV show.                      (2) A Tech company.
- (3) Tech Hub.                      (4) Robot Colony.

39. According to the lecture "how AI may affect the industry"?

- (1) It will bring new jobs.
- (2) It will cut more jobs.
- (3) It will help people.
- (4) It will have great impact.

40. Artificial intelligence is new \_\_\_\_\_.

- (1) Study.                      (2) Company.
- (3) Robot.                      (4) Technology.

41. What does the lecturer mean by AI gadgetry?

- (1) New devices.
- (2) New way to live life.
- (3) New style.
- (4) New games.

42. What may cause deduction in workforce?

- (1) Less pay.
- (2) Bad bosses.
- (3) Robotics.
- (4) Less education.

43. What was the moral of conversation?

- (1) Giving to others.
- (2) Caring for family.
- (3) Saving money.
- (4) General class conversation.

44. Who seemed more reticent during the conversation?

- (1) John.                      (2) Natt.
- (3) Jane.                      (4) Teacher.

45. What was the conclusion of the conversation?

- (1) That they are generous.
- (2) That they are not generous.
- (3) That they don't need to be generous.
- (4) That there is a room for improvement.

46. Who sounded complacent during the conversation?

- (1) Jane.                      (2) Natt.
- (3) John.                      (4) Teacher.

**Directions: Questions 47 – 50:** in this section you will read a conversation between work colleagues.

<b>Staff:</b>	"Hi Boss, how are you?"
<b>Boss:</b>	"I am fine, what brings you here?"
<b>Staff:</b>	"I am here to ask for a raise, so that I can meet my needs."
<b>Boss:</b>	"You have only been here for few months, sorry we can't do that."
<b>Staff:</b>	"But look at my performance, I do deserve this. I want to sit with other executives."
<b>Boss:</b>	"Let me think and get back to you."
<b>Staff:</b>	"I do not want to leave this open ended, when should I come back to you?"

47. In what context the word "OPEN ENDED" is being used in the conversation?

- (1) He wanted his boss to be open.
- (2) He wanted to know the follow up date.
- (3) He did not want the conversation to end.
- (4) He wanted to close the door.

48. What is the conversation about?

- (1) Salary Raise.
- (2) Position raise.
- (3) Promotional bonus.
- (4) None of the options available.

49. What was his boss initial response to his request?

- (1) Welcoming.
- (2) Rebuffing.
- (3) Helpful.
- (4) He will think about it.

50. What may disqualify him from getting a raise?

- (1) His performance
- (2) His attitude.
- (3) His way of asking.
- (4) Him being new in the company.

## PART II Structure & Written Expression

Time – approximately 30 minutes (Questions 51-100)

**Directions: Questions 51 – 76** Are incomplete sentences. Below each sentence, you will see four choices indicated (1), (2), (3). And (4) Please select one choice that best completes the sentence. Then, on your answer sheet, please find the number of the question and fill in the space that corresponds to the answer you have chosen.

51. Have you \_\_\_\_\_ about applying for the summer internship?

- (1) decide
- (2) thought
- (3) consider
- (4) felt

54. Rapid growth in tourism has \_\_\_\_\_ Thailand a lot.

- (1) helped
- (2) grow
- (3) growing
- (4) help

52. I have not \_\_\_\_\_ able to recover from my sickness.

- (1) being
- (2) been
- (3) completely
- (4) feel

55. I have been working in the Army \_\_\_\_\_ 2011.

- (1) for
- (2) from
- (2) since
- (4) to

53. If, I \_\_\_\_\_ known that 20% sale was on, I could have gone to the mall.

- (1) has
- (2) have
- (3) had
- (4) could

56. Why \_\_\_\_\_ been able to finish the task.

- (1) has not
- (2) have you not
- (3) have not
- (4) has you not



57. \_\_\_\_\_ will be given the password because its classified, enjoy your day!
- (1) Everyone (2) Everybody  
(3) Nobody (4) Staff
58. Didn't you know what \_\_\_\_\_
- (1) the time of the meeting was  
(2) time of meeting  
(3) timing of meeting  
(4) meeting was the time
59. For how \_\_\_\_\_ have you been trying to talk to her about this project?
- (1) many (2) much  
(3) long (4) are
60. \_\_\_\_\_ you know it was dangerous?
- (1) Do (2) Didn't  
(3) Does (4) Do not
61. Would you mind If I can sit next to you?
- (1) Sure (2) No, not at all.  
(3) Yes, please (4) Thank you.
62. I am sorry for bothering you.
- (1) Yes, it's okay. (2) Yes, thank you.  
(3) No it's okay. (4) Thank you.
63. I don't feel like working out.
- (1) Neither do I. (2) Neither did I.  
(3) Either do I. (4) Either did I.
64. I heard, both of you went to the museum yesterday.
- (1) No way  
(2) Yes, we went there.  
(3) Yes, great.  
(4) Yes way.
65. My friend has been diagnosed with Cancer.
- (1) Are you kidding me?  
(2) Sorry to hear that.  
(3) Best of luck.  
(4) Take Care.
66. We would like to donate 10 million Baht to this school.
- (1) Thank you for the 10 million baht  
(2) Thank you for your generosity.  
(3) Thank you for your kindness.  
(4) Thank you for the money.
67. Make sure, this time you do not make any mistake.
- (1) I hope so.  
(2) I think so.  
(3) Yes, I will be careful.  
(4) Yes, sure.
68. It was a great movie.
- (1) Yes, it will be. (2) Indeed it was amazing.  
(3) Yes, good. (4) Good job.
69. 5 PM, meet me \_\_\_\_\_ the CentralPlaza.
- (1) on (2) next  
(3) after (4) at
70. \_\_\_\_\_ me a coffee from Starbucks.
- (1) Sell (2) Buy  
(3) Bring for (4) Give
71. Where \_\_\_\_\_ you like me to drop you off?
- (1) should (2) would  
(3) could (4) Can
72. I \_\_\_\_\_ never been more \_\_\_\_\_ of you and your \_\_\_\_\_ work than I am now.
- (1) should, proud, good  
(2) should not, proud, good  
(3) have, happier, hard  
(4) could, happy, good
73. Many people are talking about the scandal. How do you feel? I \_\_\_\_\_ less.
- (1) don't care (2) should care  
(3) would care (4) could not care
74. Failure is \_\_\_\_\_ you must not give up.
- (1) Inevitable.  
(2) Success.  
(3) Easy  
(4) None of the options available.

75. Stakes are \_\_\_\_\_ go for it.

- (1) nice (2) delicious.  
(3) healthy. (4) high

77. (1) presenting  
(3) introducing

(2) bring  
(4) show

78. (1) travel  
(3) show

(2) move  
(4) use

76. Never miss an \_\_\_\_\_ if you want to succeed.

- (1) school (2) class  
(3) opportunity (4) any exam

79. (1) start  
(3) started

(2) beginning  
(4) create

Questions 77-82

Read through the text and answer the questions.

(77) Today I will be \_\_\_\_\_ my invention called the Statogram. (78) This device can \_\_\_\_\_ one object from one place to another. (79) When I first \_\_\_\_\_ developing Statogram, I was unaware of its potential. (80) Ladies and gentlemen I \_\_\_\_\_ you the future of teleportation. (81) This will be available in the stores later this month so you can \_\_\_\_\_ now. (82) \_\_\_\_\_ yourself for the revolution of teleportation.

80. (1) show  
(3) bring

(2) have  
(4) tell

81 (1) pre-order  
(3) use

(2) buy  
(4) sell

82. (1) Start  
(3) Prove

(2) Ready  
(4) Brace

Questions 83-89

Read through the text and answer the questions.

(83) I am looking forward to the society \_\_\_\_\_ we do not have to use bank notes. (84) I am ready to go \_\_\_\_\_. (85) Banks and government in Thailand have been cooperating to develop a system which can \_\_\_\_\_ people of all class and (86) help them to use the cash application instead of \_\_\_\_\_. (87) There are several \_\_\_\_\_ of being cashless, its safe, fast, efficient and secure. The cash application is coming to the phones this coming month both for android and iPhone. (88) Companies have done \_\_\_\_\_ best to develop malware free application to provide the user more security. (89) These apps are small and can easily be \_\_\_\_\_ from the play stores.

83. (1) whom

(2) where

(3) which

(4) whose

84. (1) without money

(2) to Thailand.

(3) cashless

(4) out

85. (1) give

(2) provide

(3) Facilitate

(4) service

86. (1) money

(2) application

(3) phone

(4) bank notes.

87. (1) cons

(2) ways

(3) benefits

(4) features

88. (1) there

(2) their

(3) them

(4) that

89. (1) bought

(2) order

(3) downloaded

(4) Downloading

**In Question 90 - 100:** Each sentence has four underlined words or phrases. Identify the one underlined word or phrase that must be changed in order for the sentence to be correct.

90. Your speech was very divisive, we believe this will pave the way for unity and harmony.  
(1) (2) (3) (4)

91. His rhetoric was so persuasive, that everybody started to vanish and support him.  
(1) (2) (3) (4)

92. We must to find a good and helpful solutions to solve this vicious problem.  
(1) (2) (3) (4)

93. It is my privilege to oust you to our college. Hope that you would feel at home.  
(1) (2) (3) (4)

94. We all have done enough for this society and we are a people, will win together.  
(1) (2) (3) (4)

95. This spirit of bigotry is very helpful for brining cooperation among people.  
(1) (2) (3) (4)

96. Or do we take bribe, neither do we allow any wrong deed to take place.  
(1) (2) (3) (4)

97. We have never been to an fancy place like this. Very much looking forward to this.  
(1) (2) (3) (4)

98. Pick and drop service will be available for your conviction.  
(1) (2) (3) (4)

99. The act of the matter is that everyone will be punished for their bad staging.  
(1) (2) (3) (4)

100. I see a man with a handsaw, and he was in the forest walking around.  
(1) (2) (3) (4)

# **PART III Vocabulary and Reading Comprehension**

**Time – approximately 30 minutes (Questions 101-150)**

**In questions 101-130** each sentence has an underlined word or phrase. Choose the one word or phrase that best keeps the meaning of the original sentence. If it is substituted for the underlined word or phrase.

101. Although, most people knew that war was imminent, no one was expecting it would start as quickly as it did.

- (1) evil and wrong      (2) certainly expected
- (3) about to happen    (4) an emergency

102. On the menu it had described the steak as large but when it arrived on the table it was humongous.

- (1) revolting              (2) over-cooked
- (3) enormous            (4) human-sized

103. We were told that breaking the school rules would have some serious repercussions; little did we know how bad the punishment was actually going to be.

- (1) unwelcome consequences
- (2) difficult hardships
- (3) revenge
- (4) harm

104. An overwhelming majority of the people had voted for the President making the vote unanimous.

- (1) Invalid                (2) Valid
- (3) Undisputed          (4) mostly correct

105. The conclusion was called conjecture because the scientists had failed to use appropriate scientific data.

- (1) lies                    (2) Inaccurate
- (3) conflicted            (4) speculation

106. No one was asked and no one wanted it, so the decision led to a lot of resentment.

- (1) problem              (2) questioning
- (3) anger                 (4) fighting

107. My instinct was to run away from the lion, but I remembered what I had been told by the trainer and stood perfectly still and quiet.

- (1) fright                (2) gut feeling
- (3) first idea             (4) instructions

108. I think a good education is essential if you want to attain your goal of being a doctor.

- (1) train                    (2) have
- (3) deserve                (4) achieve

109. The alarm went off and the doors closed, this had to mean that there was a breach in the bank's security.

- (1) robbery                (2) failure
- (3) break                  (4) hacker

110. I couldn't say so and remained polite at all times but the meal they gave us was really horrendous.

- (1) terrible                (2) bad tasting
- (3) impolite               (4) frightening

111. When you are in trouble be more preserving.

- (1) hang yourself        (2) try harder.
- (3) ask for help          (4) be patient.

112. This Jury seems to be inclining towards the criminal.

- (1) favorable              (2) helpful
- (3) looking                (4) agree

113. Your opinions are very obnoxious.

- (1) bad                    (2) rude.
- (3) offensive.            (4) strong.

114. No matter how good you are there is a substitute available.

- (1) replacement        (2) help
- (3) money                (4) machine

115. During the hearing, your testimony was vague.

- (1) not clear              (2) not good
- (3) great                  (4) amazing

116. I am thinking to dismiss John because of his bad discipline.

- (1) burn
- (2) fire
- (3) punish
- (4) beat

125. Your impulsive demeanor is the real reason that you have been expelled from the school.

- (1) style.
- (2) words
- (3) conduct
- (4) way of life

117. Your responsibility is to take care of your parents.

- (1) right
- (2) purpose
- (3) obligation
- (4) life

126. I do not like to be hostile with my co-workers.

- (1) bitter.
- (2) sad.
- (3) argue.
- (4) talking much.

118. For your this act of kindness, we are very grateful to you.

- (1) thankful
- (2) indebted
- (3) happy
- (4) None of the options available.

127. Don't worry! Your all sadness will be over one day.

- (1) trail
- (2) trouble
- (3) despair
- (4) disappointment

119. I am very content with the marks I got for Math assignment.

- (1) satisfied
- (2) happy
- (3) amazing
- (4) good

128. We need more magnanimous people so our world can become a better place.

- (1) Rich
- (2) Tech People
- (3) Generous
- (4) Gentle

120. why are you inhaling deeply? Are you tired or bored?

- (1) breathing
- (2) smiling
- (3) yawning
- (4) sleeping

129. They have tried to destroy us deliberately.

- (1) powerfully
- (2) intentionally
- (3) strongly
- (4) completely

121. This was a very fruitful meeting.

- (1) best
- (2) pleasant
- (3) productive
- (4) helpful

130. We need coherent economic strategies to raise the minimum wages, we cannot give social services for free.

- (1) more
- (2) great
- (3) helpful
- (4) reasonable

122. Drowning was a frightening experience of the trip.

- (1) fearless
- (2) terrifying
- (3) terrible
- (4) fearful

123. I am currently an apprentice at the office.

- (1) working
- (2) a officer
- (3) a trainee
- (4) a manager

124. He has resigned as the leader of the party.

- (1) He fell to the ground.
- (2) He left the party.
- (3) He does not want to be leader.
- (4) He stepped down.

**Directions (131 – 150):** Read through the given passages and answer the questions.

**Passage 1 Question 131 - 140 (Nelson Mandela)**

Rolihlahla Mandela was born into the Madiba clan in the village of Mvezo, in the Eastern Cape, on 18 July 1918. His mother was Nonqaphi Nosekeni and his father was Nkosi Mphakanyiswa Gadla Mandela, principal counsellor to the Acting King of the Thembu people, Jongintaba Dalindyebo. In 1930, when he was 12 years old, his father died, and the young Rolihlahla became a ward of Jongintaba at the Great Place in Mqhekezweni<sup>1</sup>. Hearing the elders' stories of his ancestors' valour during the wars of resistance, he dreamed also of making his own contribution to the freedom struggle of his people. He attended primary school in Qunu where his teacher, Miss Mdingane, gave him the name Nelson, in accordance with the custom of giving all schoolchildren "Christian" names. He completed his Junior Certificate at Clarkebury Boarding Institute and went on to Healdtown, a Wesleyan secondary school of some repute, where he matriculated. Mandela began his studies for a Bachelor of Arts degree at the University College of Fort Hare but did not complete the degree there as he was expelled for joining in a student protest. On his return to the Great Place at Mqhekezweni the King was furious and said if he didn't return to Fort Hare he would arrange wives for him and his cousin Justice. They ran away to Johannesburg instead, arriving there in 1941. There he worked as a mine security officer and after meeting Walter Sisulu, an estate agent, he was introduced to Lazer Sidelsky. He then did his articles through a firm of attorneys – Witkin, Eidelman and Sidelsky. He completed his BA through the University of South Africa and went back to Fort Hare for his graduation in 1943. Meanwhile, he began studying for an LLB at the University of the Witwatersrand. By his own admission he was a poor student and left the university in 1952 without graduating. He only started studying again through the University of London after his imprisonment in 1962 but also did not complete that degree. In 1989, while in the last months of his imprisonment, he obtained an LLB through the University of South Africa. He graduated in absentia at a ceremony in Cape Town. Mandela, while increasingly politically involved from 1942, only joined the African National Congress in 1944 when he helped to form the ANC Youth League (ANCYL). In 1944 he married Walter Sisulu's cousin, Evelyn Mase, a nurse. They had two sons, Madiba Thembekile "Thembi" and Makgatho, and two daughters both called Makaziwe, the first of whom died in infancy. He and his wife divorced in 1958. Mandela rose through the ranks of the ANCYL and through its efforts, the ANC adopted a more radical mass-based policy, the Programme of Action, in 1949.

[<https://www.nelsonmandela.org/>]

131. Mandela gained a degree at Fort Hare university.

- (1) It is true                      (2) It is False  
(3) It is not stated            (4) I don't know

132. Above paragraph seems to be a piece taken from

- (1) History                      (2) book  
(3) biography                  (4) autobiography

133. His wife belonged to whose family?

- (1) Sisulu                      (2) Witkin  
(3) Sidelsky                  (4) Nelson

134. Who was Jongintaba Dalindyebo?

- (1) Temporary Principal  
(2) Temporary king  
(3) Temporary Chief  
(4) Temporary Father

135. What was his first job?

- (1) Sentinel                      (2) Clerk  
(3) Officer at mine            (4) Worker

136. When did Nelson's daughter died?

- (1) babyhood  
(2) in the womb  
(3) when she was young.  
(4) when she was too little

137. Where was Rolihlahla Mandela's primary school?

- (1) Madiba                      (2) Healdtown  
(3) Qunu                        (4) Myezu

138. The word 'valour' in paragraph is closest in meaning to:

- (1) resistance                  (2) brave  
(3) fighting                    (4) respect

139. The word 'clan' in the first sentence is closest in meaning to:

- (1) Family                      (2) Village  
(3) Tribe                        (4) town

140. How old was Rolihlahla Mandela in 1954?

- (1) 12                              (2) 36  
(3) 24                              (4) 46



**Passage 2 Question 141 - 150 (Biography of Martin Luther King Jr)**

Martin Luther King Jr. was a Baptist minister and social activist who led the civil rights movement in the United States from the mid-1950s until his assassination in 1968. King is remembered for his non-violent protests segregation and his "I Have a Dream" speech. Martin Luther King Jr. was born in 1929 in Atlanta, Georgia. King, a Baptist minister and civil-rights activist, had a seismic impact on race relations in the United States, beginning in the mid-1950s. Among his many efforts, King headed the Southern Christian Leadership Conference (SCLC). Through his activism and inspirational speeches, he played a pivotal role in ending the legal segregation of African-American citizens in the United States, as well as the creation of the Civil Rights Act of 1964 and the Voting Rights Act of 1965. King won the Nobel Peace Prize in 1964, among several other honors. He was assassinated in April 1968 and continues to be remembered as one of the most influential and inspirational African-American leaders in history. Born as Michael King Jr. on January 15, 1929, Martin Luther King Jr. was the middle child of Michael King Sr. and Alberta Williams King. The King and Williams families were rooted in rural Georgia. Martin Jr.'s grandfather, A.D. Williams, was a rural minister for years and then moved to Atlanta in 1893. He took over the small, struggling Ebenezer Baptist church with around 13 members and made it into a forceful congregation. He married Jennie Celeste Parks and they had one child that survived, Alberta. Michael King Sr. came from a sharecropper family in a poor farming community. He married Alberta in 1926 after an eight-year courtship. The newlyweds moved to A.D. Williams' home in Atlanta. In 1948, Martin Luther King Jr. earned a sociology degree from Morehouse College and attended the liberal Crozer Theological Seminary in Chester, Pennsylvania. He thrived in all his studies, and was valedictorian of his class in 1951, and elected student body president. He also earned a fellowship for graduate study. But Martin also rebelled against his father's more conservative influence by drinking beer and playing pool while at college. He became involved with a white woman and went through a difficult time before he could break off the affair. During his last year in seminary, Martin Luther King Jr. came under the guidance of Morehouse College President Benjamin E. Mays who influenced King's spiritual development. Mays was an outspoken advocate for racial equality and encouraged King to view Christianity as a potential force for social change. After being accepted at several colleges for his doctoral study, including Yale and Edinburgh in Scotland,

[<https://www.biography.com/people/martin-luther-king-jr-9365086>]

141. How old was King Jr when he won the noble price?
- (1) 20 (2) 35  
(3) 40 (4) 25
142. What does courtship means?
- (1) Romantic relationships.  
(2) working in lawyers office  
(3) playing in sports court  
(4) It's not stated.
143. Where did Martin Jr, went to study theology?
- (1) Georgia. (2) Atlanta.  
(3) Chester. (4) Scotland.
144. What does Jr stands for?
- (1) Last name. (2) Surname  
(3) Nickname (4) Junior
145. According to the passage, name the grand son of A. D Williams
- (1) Michael Sr. (2) Michael Jr.  
(3) Martin Jr. (4) Alberta Williams
146. In which year did Martin Luther King Jr gave commencement speech?
- (1) 1926 (2) 1929  
(3) 1948 (4) 1951
147. When did Martin Luther King Jr. died?
- (1) 1926 (2) 1968  
(3) 1948 (4) 1951
148. What was the cause of Martin Luther King Jr's death?
- (1) He died of sickness.  
(2) He died of drinking poison.  
(3) He died in a car accident.  
(4) Somebody shot him dead.
149. Who had a huge influence on Martin's spiritual life?
- (1) Michael King Sr. (2) Martin King Jr.  
(3) Benjamin E. mays (4) A. D Williams.
150. Who was the wife of A. D Williams?
- (1) Alberta Williams.  
(2) Jennie Celeste Parks.  
(3) Coretta Scott  
(4) Ebenezer

## TEST OF YOUTH EXCHANGE SCHOLARSHIP (TYES 2019)

### **Directions for taking the TYES 2019:**

This test is to evaluate how well you understand the English language.

1. DO NOT open the test until you are told to do so by a supervisor.
2. You will have approximately 90 minutes to complete the test. Some questions are harder than others. Manage your time wisely and try to answer every question the best you can before moving to the next question.
3. This test consists of three parts as below, each with their own time limit.  
Part I - Conversation (30 minutes)  
Part II - Structure & Written Expression (30 minutes)  
Part III - Reading Comprehension (30 minutes)
4. You must work only on the current section. DO NOT go back to previous parts to check your answers.
5. Make sure that you understand clearly the directions for each part before you start to answer the questions.
6. For each question there are four possible answers; 1), 2), 3) and 4). Darken the appropriate number on your answer sheet that corresponds to the question you are working on.

Example:

1. \_\_\_\_\_ would you like your coffee made?

- (1) When
- (2) How
- (3) What
- (4) Where

The correct answer is (2) You then darken your answer as below example;



7. Make sure you are answering the correct question with your 2B pencil. If you wish to change your answer, make sure that you erase completely before making your new answer.
8. If you do not follow directions and rules given, YES has the sole right not to grade that answer sheet.
9. If there is a mistake in the exam in any questions, you will automatically get a free point for that question. There is no need to ask the supervisor.
10. Any decision regarding the test results rests within the sole discretion of the YES committee.